



# Current State of Solid Waste Mgmt

- Coordinated refuse and recycling collection
- Weekly yard waste collection
- Electronic items recycling drop-off service
- Larger recycling containers (64-gallon Toters)
- Mandatory recycling ordinance
- Current cost \$323/year (\$26.92/month) for unlimited service





# Recycling Rates in City

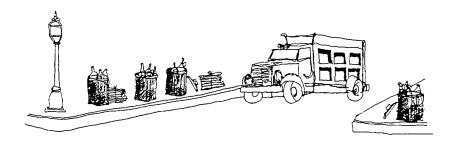
<b>Month</b>	<b>Monthly Diversion</b>	12-mo. Diversion Avg.
Jan 2014	37.3%	37.6%
Feb 2014	35.3%	38.1%
Mar 2014	37.0%	38.4%
<b>Apr 2014</b>	42.4%	38.9%
May 2014	39.7%	38.9%
Jun 2014	49.1%	40.1%
Jul 2014	44.7%	40.7%
Aug 2014	46.7%	41.7%
Sep 2014	39.2%	42.0%
Sep 2013	34.2%	<b>37.6%</b>



#### Solid Waste Diversion Goal

DPW Goal is to "increase the solid waste diversion rate to 50%."

The long-term diversion goal should be in the 70-80% range.





# Recycling Revenue

2013 Revenue: \$40,613

2014 Revenue (year-to-date): \$27,255





#### **Best Practices**

- 1. Education and Outreach
- 2. Pay as You Throw
- 3. Food Waste Disposal
- 4. Yard Waste Collection





#### **Education and Outreach**

- Semi-annual informational mailers to all customers
- 2. Work with elementary schools, providing educational materials
- 3. Focused information and educational materials to non-English speaking citizens





### Pay as You Throw

- Service cost is based on amount of refuse generated
- True PAYT: all charges are based on usage amounts
- Hybrid PAYT: base rate for base services (e.g. 3 bags per week), with usage charges for higher services





### Pay as You Throw Models

- 1. Bags residents must buy and use approved trash bags for refuse disposal
  - Example: 33-gallon bags \$2/each, 15-gallon bags \$1/each,8-gallon bags \$0.50/each
- 2. Stickers residents must buy and place stickers for each trash bag, regardless of size
  - Example: Stickers \$1/each
- 3. Containers monthly cost depends on container size
  - Example: 17-gallon cart \$5.00/mo, 35-gallon cart \$10.00/mo, 65-gallon cart \$20.00/mo, 95-gallon cart \$40.00/mo
  - Overfilled carts not collected. Overflow bags can be purchased.



# Pay as You Throw Pros and Cons

#### Advantages:

- Fairness residents pay based on use of solid waste services
- Increased Recycling residents have incentive to recycle
- Waste Reduction greater awareness of recyclable packaging, excessive packaging, and alternatives to disposable products

#### Disadvantages:

- Implementation Cost
- Bags and stickers must be purchased by residents (hassle factor)
- Extensive public education and outreach is required



# Food Waste Disposal

- The final frontier of recycling: waste reduction by recycling food waste
- Approximately 18% of total waste stream (about 30 million tons per year)
- Weekly collection of issued food waste containers
  - Curbside collection
  - Central location drop-off
- Two interested composting companies
- Recommend pilot project in select neighborhood



### Yard Waste Collection

- Currently, residents may place yard waste in containers, plastic bags, and paper bags
- In near future, we expect that plastic bags will no longer be accepted
- The plastic de-bagger causes significant diversion of yard waste material to waste stream
- Paper bags can be processed with the yard waste
- This will be a significant cost issue for many residents.



#### **Future of Solid Waste**

#### Streams:

- Recycling (all of today's recycling and refuse except food waste)
- 2. Compostable (includes yard and food waste)
- 3. Electronics and appliances
- 4. Construction and demolition debris

